## What is Claimed is:

1. A method for fabricating a capacitor of a semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:

forming a storage electrode using silicon;

sequentially depositing a first  $Al_2O_3$  film, a  $Ta_2O_5$  layer doped with Ti, and a second  $Al_2O_3$  film on the storage electrode to form a dielectric film; and

forming a plate electrode on the dielectric film 10 using metal.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the first  $Al_2O_3$  film and the second  $Al_2O_3$  film is formed in a LPCVD process, an ALD process or a PECVD process.

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3. The method according to claim 1, the first  $Al_2O_3$  film, the  $Ta_2O_5$  layer doped with Ti, and the second  $Al_2O_3$  film have a thickness ranging from 5 to 100Å, respectively.

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4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the  $Ta_2O_5$  layer doped with Ti is formed using a cocktail source containing 1 - 50% of a Ti source in an in-situ doping process.

5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the in-situ doping process is performed using a mixture of the cocktail source and  $O_2$  gas.

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- 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein the  ${\rm Ta_2O_5}$  layer doped with Ti is formed in an ALD process, an MOCVD process or a PECVD process.
- 7. A capacitor of a semiconductor device, comprising:
  - a storage electrode comprising silicon;
  - a dielectric film disposed on the storage electrode, the dielectric film including a stacked structure of a first  $Al_2O_3$  film, a  $Ta_2O_5$  layer doped with Ti, and a second  $Al_2O_3$  film; and
  - a metal plate electrode disposed on the dielectric film.